This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

1. (original) A receiver comprising a processor and an RF bridge coupled to the processor to receive a reference signal from the processor, the RF bridge including:

first and second frequency converters coupled to respective first and second antennas; and

a third frequency converter coupled to outputs of the first and second frequency converters.

2. (previously amended) The receiver of claim 1, wherein:

the first and second frequency converters receive respective first and second signals from the respective first and second antennas; and

the third frequency converter heterodynes signals from the first and second frequency converters to provide a signal that is characterized by a frequency difference modulated onto the reference signal, the frequency difference being a difference between a frequency of the first signal and a frequency of the second signal.

3. (previously rewritten into independent form) A receiver comprising a processor and an RF bridge coupled to the processor to receive a reference signal from the processor, the RF bridge including:

first and second frequency converters coupled to respective first and second antennas;

- a third frequency converter coupled to outputs of the first and second frequency converters;
 - a frequency source coupled to the first frequency converter; and
- a fourth frequency converter coupled to the reference signal and coupled between the frequency source and the second frequency converter.

- 4. (original) The receiver of claim 3, wherein the RF bridge further includes a filter coupled between the fourth frequency converter and the second frequency converter, the filter providing a stop band at a highest frequency of a signal from the frequency source and a pass band at a shifted frequency that is a sum of a frequency of the reference signal and a lowest frequency from the frequency source.
- 5. (previously rewritten into independent form) A receiver comprising a processor and an RF bridge coupled to the processor to receive a reference signal from the processor, the RF bridge including:

first and second frequency converters coupled to respective first and second antennas;

a third frequency converter coupled to outputs of the first and second frequency converters;

an up converter coupled between the processor and the RF bridge to frequency translate the reference signal by a predetermined frequency into an intermediate reference signal coupled to the RF bridge; and

a down converter coupled between the RF bridge and the processor to frequency translate an information signal from the RF bridge by the predetermined frequency into a shifted information signal.

6. (original) A receiver comprising a processor and an RF bridge coupled to the processor to receive a reference signal from the processor, the RF bridge including:

first and second frequency converters coupled to respective first and second antennas;

- a frequency source coupled to the first frequency converter; and
- a third frequency converter coupled to the reference signal and coupled between the frequency source and the second frequency converter.

- 7. (original) The receiver of claim 6, wherein the RF bridge further includes a fourth frequency converter coupled to the first and second frequency converters.
- 8. (original) The receiver of claim 6, wherein the RF bridge further includes a filter coupled between the third frequency converter and the second frequency converter, the filter providing a stop band at a highest frequency of a signal from the frequency source and a pass band at a shifted frequency that is a sum of a frequency of the reference signal and a lowest frequency from the frequency source.
- 9. (original) A receiver comprising an RF bridge and a processor coupled to the RF bridge to receive an information signal from the RF bridge, the processor including:
- a digital frequency source to generate a reference signal based on a signal from a clock source, the reference signal being coupled to the RF bridge; and
- circuitry to detect a frequency difference from the information signal based on the signal from the clock source.
 - 10. (original) The receiver of claim 9, wherein the circuitry to detect includes:
 - a first Fourier transformer having a first center frequency; and
- a second Fourier transformer having a second center frequency, the first center frequency being different than the second center frequency.
- 11. (original) The receiver of claim 10, wherein the circuitry to detect further includes a digital frequency generator that generates:
- a first digital signal at the first center frequency coupled to the first Fourier transformer; and
- a second digital signal at the second center frequency coupled to the second Fourier transformer.

12. (original) The receiver of claim 10, wherein the circuitry to detect further includes a frequency discriminator coupled to the first and second Fourier transformers.

13. (currently amended) The receiver of claim 10, wherein:

the circuitry to detect further includes a frequency converter coupled between the information signal and inputs to the first and second Fourier transformers; and

the digital frequency generator source further generates a third digital signal coupled to the frequency converter, the third digital signal being generated at a frequency to cause the frequency converter to shift a frequency of the information signal to a frequency between the first and second center frequencies.

14. (original) The receiver of claim 9, wherein the RF bridge includes:

first and second RF frequency converters coupled to respective first and second antennas; and

a third RF frequency converter coupled to outputs of the first and second RF frequency converters.

15. (previously amended) The receiver of claim 14, wherein:

the first and second RF frequency converters receive respective first and second signals from the respective first and second antennas; and

the third RF frequency converter heterodynes signals from the first and second RF frequency converters to provide a signal that is characterized by a frequency difference modulated onto the reference signal, the frequency difference being a difference between a frequency of the first signal and a frequency of the second signal.

16. (original) A method comprising steps of:

capturing a frequency difference that is present at first and second antennas; producing an information signal onto which the frequency difference has been modulated; and

analyzing the information signal to determine the frequency difference.

17. (original) The method of claim 16, wherein the step of analyzing includes:

forming a first Fourier transform of the information signal at a first center frequency;

forming a second Fourier transform of the information signal at a second center frequency, the second center frequency being different than the first center frequency.

18. (previously rewritten into independent form) A method comprising:

capturing a frequency difference that is present at first and second antennas;

producing an information signal onto which the frequency difference has been modulated; and

analyzing the information signal to determine the frequency difference,

wherein the analyzing includes forming a first Fourier transform of the information signal at a first center frequency over an integration interval,

wherein the analyzing also includes forming a second Fourier transform of the information signal at a second center frequency over the integration interval,

wherein the second center frequency is different than the first center frequency, and

wherein the integration interval is inversely proportional to a difference between the first center frequency and the second center frequency.

- 19. (original) The method of claim 18, wherein the step of analyzing determines the frequency difference to be $\left(\frac{\pi}{2T}\right)\left(\frac{A-B}{A+B}\right)$, where T is the integration interval, A is the first Fourier transform and B is the second Fourier transform.
- 20. (original) The method of claim 17, further comprising a step of determining a range between an emitter generating the signal and a point between the first and second antennas.

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21. (previously added) A receiver comprising:

a processor providing a reference signal characterized by a reference frequency; and

an RF bridge that includes plural frequency converters and two antennas, the RF bridge providing an information signal to the processor that is characterized by a frequency equal to the reference frequency modulated by a frequency difference, the frequency difference being a difference between a frequency of a signal received at one of the two antennas and a frequency of a signal received at another of the two antennas.

- 22. (new) The method of claim 16, further comprising determining a range based on the frequency difference.
- 23. (new) The method of claim 17, further comprising determining a range based on outputs of the first and second Fourier transforms.